achieve a peaceful, negotiated elimination of Iranian nuclear capacity. At a time when a new Iranian President-elect has made statements indicating a greater openness to diplomacy, returning this message with a vote on tougher sanctions only serves to empower Iranian hardliners and weaken Iranian moderates.

U.S. policy must make it clear that the goal of sanctions on Iran is to elicit verifiable concessions from Iran that have a material impact on its ability to develop a nuclear weapon. In order to achieve this goal, the President must have the ability to waive sanctions in exchange for Iranian concessions. Yet H.R. 850 places significant restrictions on the President's authority to waive sanctions.

Mr. Speaker, while we must maintain a credible military threat towards Iran, we must also make every effort to promote the success of diplomatic negotiations with Iran. If we fail to negotiate a solution that ensures the safety of the U.S. and our close ally Israel by verifying that Iran does not have the capacity to develop nuclear weapons, we will be left with few alternatives but military engagement. I urge my colleagues to come together and support tough but fair diplomacy with Iran.

Mr. CONNOLLY. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 850, which provides our diplomats the leverage they need to persuade Iran that the only viable course of action is to suspend work on its nuclear program.

The bill restricts oil exports from Iran and cuts off various Iranian industries from the global marketplace. It also expands sanctions on Iranian human rights violators. Lastly, this bill provides flexibility for the President to not apply sanctions when he deems it appropriate.

There is adequate time to test the willingness and ability of President Rouhani to pursue good faith talks and reach an acceptable resolution. That said, complete inaction could signal indifference or a weakening of our resolve to pro-nuclear forces in Iran. Incoming President Rouhani and the other regime leaders must be made to understand that U.S. economic pressure and other sanctions will remain in force until there is a reliable and verifiable halt to Iran's nuclear program. Given Iran's progress in nuclear enrichment, time is of the essence and Iran's past delaying tactics cannot be allowed to continue.

As an original cosponsor of H.R. 850, I urge my colleagues to send a strong, unequivocal message to the Iranian regime.

Mr. HOLT. Mr. Speaker, I am a co-sponsor of this legislation and I urge my colleagues to support it today.

It is clear that the current regime in Iran poses troubling security challenges to the world community and our allies in the Middle East. The hateful and threatening comments made by the President of Iran against Israel cannot be tolerated. Further, the provocative actions taken by Iran to further their nuclear weapons program must be stopped. A nuclear Iran would destabilize the region and threaten the United States and our allies. Iran must alter its dangerous course, and the United States needs to be fully involved to help bring this about.

I continue to support the Obama Administration's actions to seek a diplomatic solution to Iran's unnecessary and unwise pursuit of nuclear weapons. It is unacceptable for Iran to possess nuclear weapons. However, despite having imposed some of the most stringent sanctions on Iran ever, the United States and our international partners have thus far been unable to compel Iran to abandon its quest for a nuclear weapon. Accordingly, the House has no choice but to pass H.R. 850.

This bill would designate the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps as a foreign terrorist organization, impose sanctions on specific Iranian officials (i.e., the Supreme Leader, Guardians Council, MOIS, Quds Force, etc.), and tie additional sanctions to human rights abuses. I regret that the failure of Iran's government to change its course makes this bill necessary, as many ordinary Iranians have already suffered much as a result of the existing sanctions. We all want to see the people of Iran freed from the tyranny and oppression of the current clerical regime, but above all our greatest obligation is to prevent Iran from building and fielding nuclear weapons. This bill, if enacted into law, will hopefully bring us one step closer to that goal.

Mr. ROYCE. Mr. Speaker, I, along with the Gentleman from Arkansas, Mr. COTTON, recognize that this critical legislation requires countries still purchasing oil from Iran to reduce their combined imports by 1 million barrels per day within a year. Iran's energy sector provides the regime the resources needed to fund its nuclear weapons program. We remain extremely concerned with the pace of Iran's nuclear program. Some estimate that Iran may achieve a nuclear weapons breakout capability next year.

For this reason, we remain committed to sending the toughest possible sanctions bill to the President's desk, as quickly as possible.

Mr. GINGREY of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.R. 850—the Nuclear Iran Prevention Act of 2013. As a cosponsor of this important legislation, I would like to commend the bipartisan leadership of Foreign Affairs Committee Chairman ROYCE of California and Ranking Member ENGEL of New York on this issue.

Mr. Speaker, it goes without saying that our strongest ally in the Middle East is the State of Israel. It is, therefore, incumbent upon us to provide them with our unwavering support. In order to uphold this commitment, we must stop Iran's nuclear proliferation efforts. That is why I am pleased that from the outset of this legislation, the statement of policy is absolutely clear when it states, "It shall be the policy of the United States to prevent Iran from acquiring a nuclear weapons capability."

Congress took an important step during 2012 to implement economic sanctions on Iran through the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012. This important legislation punishes individuals who knowingly sell more than 1,000,000 barrels of refined product, or individuals that sell, lease, or provide Iran with goods, services, technology, or information.

However, despite this effort, Iran's nuclear program has continued to grow. It was reported today that Iran has an additional 5,000 new centrifuges are ready to start operation to complement the existing 12,000 already in place. This comes on the heels of the International Atomic Energy Agency's statement in June that Tehran was violating international regulations by increasing the number of centrifuges. This continued growth in Iran's nuclear proliferation is simply unacceptable.

Mr. Speaker, while we took a critical first step in the 112th Congress, it is abundantly clear that further action is needed to curtail Iran's nuclear program. H.R. 850 today will only expand sanctions targeting Iran's human rights violations, and—for the first time—allow the President of the United States to impose sanctions on any entity that maintains significant commercial ties to Iran. H.R. 850 hits Iran where it hurts the most. By strengthening existing sanctions on 1,000,000 barrels of crude per day, this bill essentially takes money away from the Iranian regime that it would potentially use on the nuclear program.

Once again, this legislation will show our strong support of Israel and its ability to remain a beacon of democracy in the Middle East. I urge my colleagues to join me in sup-

porting H.R. 850.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. ROYCE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, H.R. 850, as amended.

The question was taken.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. In the opinion of the Chair, two-thirds being in the affirmative, the ayes have it.

Mr. ROYCE. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this motion will be postponed.

# ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed.

Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 1911, by the yeas and nays;

H.R. 850, by the yeas and nays;

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. The second electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

## BIPARTISAN STUDENT LOAN CERTAINTY ACT OF 2013

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 1911) to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to establish interest rates for new loans made on or after July 1, 2013, to direct the Secretary of Education to convene the Advisory Committee on Improving Postsecondary Education Data to conduct a study on improvements to postsecondary education transparency at the Federal level, and for other purposes, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. KLINE) that the House suspend the rules and concur in the Senate amendment.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 392, nays 31, not voting 10, as follows:

Tonko

Schock

Quigley

Bass

Chu

Clarke

Conyers Cotton

Ellison

Gohmert

Fudge

Capuano

[Roll No. 426]

YEAS-392 Aderholt Duffy Duncan (SC) Alexander Amash Duncan (TN) Edwards Amodei Andrews Ellmers Bachmann Engel Bachus Envart Barber Eshoo Barletta Estv  $_{\mathrm{Barr}}$ Farenthold Barrow (GA) Farr Fattah Barton Beatty Fincher Becerra Fitzpatrick Benishek Fleischmann Bentivolio Fleming Bera (CA) Flores Bilirakis Forbes Bishop (GA) Fortenberry Bishop (NY) Foster Bishop (UT) Foxx Frankel (FL) Black Franks (AZ) Frelinghuysen Blackburn Blumenauer Bonamici Gabbard Bonner Boustany Gallego Garamendi Garcia Brady (PA) Brady (TX) Gardner Braley (IA) Garrett Bridenstine Gerlach Brooks (AL) Gibbs Gibson Brooks (IN) Gingrey (GA) Brown (FL) Brownley (CA) Goodlatte Buchanan Gosar Bucshon Gowdy Burgess Granger Graves (GA) Bustos Butterfield Grayson Calvert Green, Al Griffin (AR) Camp Cantor Griffith (VA) Capito Grimm Capps Cárdenas Gutiérrez Hahn Carney Carson (IN) Carter Hanabusa. Cartwright Hanna Harper Cassidy Castor (FL) Harris Hartzler Castro (TX) Chabot Hastings (FL) Chaffetz Hastings (WA) Heck (NV) Cicilline Heck (WA) Clay Cleaver Hensarling Clyburn Higgins Coble Coffman Hinojosa Cohen Holding Cole Hoyer Collins (NY) Hudson Conaway Huelskamp Connolly Huffman Huizenga (MI) Cook Cooper Hultgren Costa Hunter Courtney Hurt Cramer Israel Crawford Issa. Jackson Lee Crenshaw Crowley Jeffries Cuellar Jenkins Culberson Johnson (GA) Cummings Johnson (OH) Daines Johnson, E. B. Davis (CA) Johnson, Sam Davis, Danny Jones Jordan Davis, Rodney DeFazio Joyce DeGette Kaptur Delanev Keating DeLauro Kelly (IL) DelBene Kelly (PA) Denham Kennedy Dent Kildee DeSantis Kilmer DesJarlais King (IA) Deutch King (NY) Diaz-Balart Kingston Kinzinger (IL) Dingell Kirkpatrick Doggett Kline Doyle Duckworth Kuster

Labrador LaMalfa Lamborn Lance Langevin Lankford Larsen (WA) Larson (CT) Latham Latta Levin Lewis Lipinski LoBiondo Loebsack Lofgren Long Lowenthal Lowey Lucas Luetkemeyer Lujan Grisham (NM) Lummis Maffei Maloney, Carolyn Maloney, Sean Marchant Marino Massie Matheson Matsui McCarthy (CA) McCaul McClintock McCollum McDermott McHenry McIntyre McKeon McKinley McMorris Rodgers McNerney Meadows Meehan Meeks Meng Messer Mica Michand Miller (FL) Miller (MI) Miller, Garv Miller, George Moore Moran Mullin Mulvaney Murphy (FL) Murphy (PA) Nadler Napolitano Neal Negrete McLeod Neugebauer Noem Nolan Nugent Nunes Nunnelee O'Rourke Olson Owens Palazzo Pascrell Pastor (AZ) Paulsen Pearce Pelosi Perlmutter Perry Peters (CA) Peters (MI) Peterson Petri Pingree (ME) Pittenger Pitts Poe (TX)

Polis

Pompeo

Price (GA)

Price (NC)

Posey

Radel Schrader Turner Rahall Schwartz Upton Rangel Schweikert Valadao Reed Scott (VA) Van Hollen Reichert Scott, Austin Vargas Renacci Scott, David Veasey Ribble Sensenbrenner Vela Rice (SC) Serrano Velázquez Rigel1 Sessions Visclosky Roby Roe (TN) Sewell (AL) Wagner Shea-Porter Walberg Rogers (AL) Sherman Rogers (KY) Walden Shimkus Walorski Rogers (MI) Shuster Walz Rohrabacher Simpson Rokita Sinema Wasserman Roonev Sires Schultz Waters Ros-Lehtinen Slaughter Roskam Smith (MO) Watt Ross Smith (NE) Waxman Rothfus Smith (NJ) Weber (TX) Roybal-Allard Smith (TX) Wenstrup Royce Smith (WA) Whitfield Southerland Ruiz Williams Runyan Stewart Wilson (FL) Ruppersberger Stivers Wilson (SC) Ryan (OH) Stockman Wittman Ryan (WI) Swalwell (CA) Wolf Salmon Terry Womack Thompson (CA) Sánchez, Linda Woodall Thompson (MS) Yarmuth Sanchez, Loretta Thompson (PA) Thornberry Yoder Sarbanes Yoho Scalise Tiberi Young (AK) Schiff Tipton Young (IN) Schneider Titus

#### NAYS-31

Grijalva Richmond Broun (GA) Sanford Kind Schakowsky Lee (CA) Speier Luján, Ben Ray Stutzman (NM) Takano Lynch Tierney McGovern Tsongas Pallone Welch Payne Westmoreland Green, Gene Pocan

#### NOT VOTING-10

Campbell Holt Webster (FL) Collins (GA) Horsford Young (FL) McCarthy (NY) Graves (MO) Herrera Beutler Rush

### □ 1821

Mr. BEN RAY LUJÁN of New Mexico and Ms. SPEIER changed their vote from "yea" to "nay.

CICILLINE Messrs. and BUTTERFIELD changed their vote from "nay" to "yea."

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the Senate amendment was concurred in.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

# ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER

The SPEAKER. The Chair would like to reiterate the announcement of February 26, 2013, concerning proper attire on the floor of the House.

Members should wear appropriate business attire during all sittings of the House, however brief their appearance on the floor.

This standard applies even when a Member is entering the Chamber only to vote by electronic device or by card in the well.

Members are reminded of the unique tradition and dignity of the House that sets it apart from other institutions and workplaces.

The Chair expresses gratitude for those Members that meet this standard, especially those who have had to change longtime personal customs or traditions to do so.

The Chair appreciates the attention of the Members to this matter.

#### NUCLEAR IRAN PREVENTION ACT OF 2013

The SPEAKER. Without objection, 5minute voting will continue.

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 850) to impose additional human rights and economic and financial sanctions with respect to Iran, and for other purposes, as amended, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. ROYCE) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, as amended.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 400, nays 20, answered "present" 1, not voting 13, as follows:

#### [Roll No. 427] YEAS-400

Aderholt Castro (TX) Eshoo Alexander Esty Farenthold Amodei Chaffetz Andrews Chu Farr Bachmann Cicilline Fattah Bachus Clarke Fincher Barber Fitzpatrick Clay Barletta Cleaver Fleischmann Barr Clyburn Fleming Barrow (GA) Flores Coble Barton Coffman Forbes Bass Cohen Fortenberry Beatty Foster Cole Becerra Collins (NY) Foxx Frankel (FL) Benishek Conaway Bentivolio Connolly Franks (AZ) Bera (CA) Cook Frelinghuysen Bilirakis Cooper Fudge Bishop (GA) Costa Gabbard Bishop (NY) Cotton Gallego Garamendi Bishop (UT) Courtney Black Cramer Garcia Blackburn Crawford Gardner Boehner Crenshaw Garrett Gerlach Bonamici Crowley Bonner Cuellar Gibbs Boustany Culberson Gibson Brady (PA) Cummings Gingrey (GA) Brady (TX) Daines Gohmert Davis (CA) Goodlatte Bralev (IA) Bridenstine Davis, Danny Gosar Brooks (AL) Davis, Rodney Gowdy Brooks (IN) DeFazio Granger Broun (GA) DeGette Graves (GA) Brown (FL) Delanev Grayson Brownley (CA) Green, Al DeLauro Buchanan DelBene Green, Gene Bucshon Denham Griffin (AR.) Burgess Griffith (VA) Dent DeSantis Bustos Grimm Butterfield Des Jarlais Guthrie Calvert Deutch Gutiérrez Camp Diaz-Balart Hahn Cantor Dingell Hall Capito Doggett Hanabusa Doyle Duckworth Hanna Capps Capuano Harper Cárdenas Duffy Harris Carney Duncan (SC) HartzlerHastings (FL) Duncan (TN) Carter Hastings (WA) Cartwright Ellmers Cassidy Heck (NV) Heck (WA) Engel Castor (FL) Enyart